

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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1        1. An isolated nucleic acid encoding a G-protein coupled receptor  
2        polypeptide, the nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide comprising greater than 70% amino  
3        acid identity to an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:8 or SEQ ID NO:10, or SEQ ID  
4        NO:12.

1        2. The isolated nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the nucleic acid  
2        encodes a polypeptide having at least 50 contiguous amino acids of an amino acid  
3        sequence of SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:10, or SEQ ID NO:12.

1        3. The isolated nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the nucleic acid  
2        encodes a polypeptide that specifically binds to polyclonal antibodies generated against  
3        an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:10, or SEQ ID NO:12.

1        4. The isolated nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the nucleic acid  
2        encodes a polypeptide that has G-protein coupled receptor activity.

1        5. The isolated nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the nucleic acid  
2        encodes a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID  
3        NO:10, or SEQ ID NO:12.

1        6. The isolated nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the nucleic acid  
2        comprises a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:7, SEQ ID NO:9, or SEQ ID NO:11.

1        7. The isolated nucleic acid of claim 1, wherein the nucleic acid is  
2        amplified by primers that specifically hybridize under stringent hybridization conditions  
3        to a nucleic acid having a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:7, SEQ ID NO:9, or SEQ  
4        ID NO:11.

1        8. An isolated nucleic acid encoding a G-protein coupled receptor  
2        polypeptide, wherein the nucleic acid specifically hybridizes under stringent hybridization  
3        conditions to a nucleic acid having a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:7, SEQ ID  
4        NO:9, or SEQ ID NO:11.

1        9. An isolated nucleic acid encoding a G-protein coupled receptor  
2        polypeptide, the polypeptide encoded by the nucleic acid comprising greater than about

3      70% amino acid identity to a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID  
4      NO:8, SEQ ID NO:10, or SEQ ID NO:12, wherein the nucleic acid selectively hybridizes  
5      under moderately stringent hybridization conditions to a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID  
6      NO:7, SEQ ID NO:9, or SEQ ID NO:11.

1                10.     An isolated G-protein coupled receptor polypeptide, the  
2      polypeptide comprising greater than about 70% amino acid sequence identity to an amino  
3      acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:10, or SEQ ID NO:12.

1                11.     The isolated polypeptide of claim 10, wherein the polypeptide  
2      specifically binds to polyclonal antibodies generated against SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID  
3      NO:10, or SEQ ID NO:12.

1                12.     The isolated polypeptide of claim 10, wherein the polypeptide has  
2      G-protein coupled receptor activity.

1                13.     The isolated polypeptide of claim 10, wherein the polypeptide has  
2      an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:10, or SEQ ID NO:12.

1                14.     An antibody that selectively binds to the polypeptide of claim 10.

1                15.     An expression vector comprising the nucleic acid of claim 1.

1                16.     A host cell transfected with the vector of claim 15.

1                17.     An isolated nucleic acid encoding a G-protein coupled receptor  
2      polypeptide, the nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide comprising greater than 85% amino  
3      acid identity to an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:16 or SEQ ID NO:18.

1                18.     The isolated nucleic acid of claim 17, wherein the nucleic acid  
2      encodes a polypeptide having at least 50 contiguous amino acids of an amino acid  
3      sequence of SEQ ID NO:16 or SEQ ID NO:18.

1                19.     The isolated nucleic acid of claim 17, wherein the nucleic acid  
2      encodes a polypeptide that specifically binds to polyclonal antibodies generated against  
3      an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:16 or SEQ ID NO:18.

1           20. The isolated nucleic acid of claim 17, wherein the nucleic acid  
2 encodes a polypeptide that has G-protein coupled receptor activity.

1           21. The isolated nucleic acid of claim 17, wherein the nucleic acid  
2 encodes a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:16 or SEQ ID  
3 NO:18.

1           22. The isolated nucleic acid of claim 17, wherein the nucleic acid  
2 comprises a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:15 or SEQ ID NO:17.

1           23. The isolated nucleic acid of claim 17, wherein the nucleic acid is  
2 amplified by primers that specifically hybridize under stringent hybridization conditions  
3 to a nucleic acid having a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:15 or SEQ ID NO:17.

1           24. An isolated nucleic acid encoding a G-protein coupled receptor  
2 polypeptide, wherein the nucleic acid specifically hybridizes under stringent hybridization  
3 conditions to a nucleic acid having a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:15 or SEQ ID  
4 NO:17.

1           25. An isolated nucleic acid encoding a G-protein coupled receptor  
2 polypeptide, the polypeptide encoded by the nucleic acid comprising greater than about  
3 85% amino acid identity to a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID  
4 NO:16 or SEQ ID NO:18, wherein the nucleic acid selectively hybridizes under  
5 moderately stringent hybridization conditions to a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:15  
6 or SEQ ID NO:17.

1           26. An isolated G-protein coupled receptor polypeptide, the  
2 polypeptide comprising greater than about 85% amino acid sequence identity to an amino  
3 acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:16 or SEQ ID NO:18.

1           27. The isolated polypeptide of claim 26, wherein the polypeptide  
2 specifically binds to polyclonal antibodies generated against SEQ ID NO:16 or SEQ ID  
3 NO:18.

1           28. The isolated polypeptide of claim 26, wherein the polypeptide has  
2 G-protein coupled receptor activity.

1           29. The isolated polypeptide of claim 26, wherein the polypeptide has  
2 an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:16 or SEQ ID NO:18.

1           30. An antibody that selectively binds to the polypeptide of claim 26.

1           31. An expression vector comprising the nucleic acid of claim 17.

1           32. A host cell transfected with the vector of claim 31.

1           33. A method for identifying a compound that modulates signal  
2 transduction, the method comprising the steps of:

3                 (i) contacting the compound with a polypeptide comprising greater than  
4 70% amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID  
5 NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:10, SEQ ID NO:16 and SEQ ID  
6 NO:18; and

7                 (ii) determining the functional effect of the compound upon the  
8 polypeptide.

1           34. The method of claim 33, wherein the polypeptide has G-protein  
2 coupled receptor activity.

1           35. The method of claim 33, wherein the polypeptide comprises greater  
2 than 70% amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:8 or  
3 SEQ ID NO:10 or greater than 85% amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid  
4 sequence of SEQ ID NO:16 and SEQ ID NO:18.

1           36. The method of claim 33, wherein the polypeptide is linked to a  
2 solid phase.

1           37. The method of claim 33, wherein the functional effect is  
2 determined by measuring changes in intracellular cAMP, IP<sub>3</sub>, or Ca<sup>2+</sup>.

1           38. The method of claim 33, wherein the functional effect is  
2 determined by measuring binding of the compound to the polypeptide.

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1           39. The method of claim 33, wherein the polypeptide comprises an  
2 amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:8, SEQ ID NO:10, SEQ ID NO:16 and SEQ ID  
3 NO:18.

1           40. The method of claim 33, wherein the polypeptide is expressed in a  
2 cell or cell membrane.

1           41. The method of claim 40, wherein the cell is selected from the  
2 group consisting of an adipocyte cell, a spleen cell, a colon cell, a kidney cell, a neuron, a  
3 skeletal muscle cell, an ocular cell, a retina cell, a hypothalamus cell, and a tongue cell.

1           42. A method of identifying a mammal having a TGR-associated  
2 disorder, comprising detecting a TGR nucleic acid molecule in a sample from the  
3 mammal, wherein said TGR nucleic acid molecule is a nucleic acid comprising greater  
4 than 70% nucleic acid sequence identity to the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1,  
5 SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:5, SEQ ID NO:7, SEQ ID NO:9, SEQ ID NO:15 and SEQ ID  
6 NO:17, and wherein abnormal expression of the TGR nucleic acid molecule in the sample  
7 indicates that the mammal has a TGR-associated disorder.

1           43. The method of claim 42, wherein the TGR nucleic acid molecule  
2 comprises greater than 70% nucleic acid sequence identity to the nucleic acid sequence of  
3 SEQ ID NO:7, SEQ ID NO:9, SEQ ID NO:15 and SEQ ID NO:17.

1           44. A method of identifying a mammal having a TGR-associated  
2 disorder, comprising detecting a TGR polypeptide in a sample from the mammal, wherein  
3 the TGR polypeptide comprises greater than 70% amino acid sequence identity to the  
4 amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:4, SEQ ID NO:6, SEQ ID NO:8,  
5 SEQ ID NO:10, SEQ ID NO:16 and SEQ ID NO:18, and wherein abnormal expression of  
6 the TGR polypeptide in the sample indicates that the mammal has a TGR-associated  
7 disorder.

1           45. The method of claim 44, wherein the TGR polypeptide comprises  
2 greater than 70% amino acid sequence identity to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID  
3 NO:8, SEQ ID NO:10, SEQ ID NO:16 and SEQ ID NO:18.

1           46. A method of treating or preventing a TGR-associated disorder,  
2 comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a modulator identified  
3 using the method of claim 33 to a mammal in need thereof.

1           47. A method of treating retinitis pigmentosa, the method comprising  
2 the step of administering to a patient a compound that modulates the activity of TGR60.

1           48. A method of regulating circadian rhythms, the method comprising  
2 the step of administering to a patient a compound that modulates the activity of TGR60.